This article was downloaded by:

On: 30 January 2011

Access details: Access Details: Free Access

Publisher Taylor & Francis

Informa Ltd Registered in England and Wales Registered Number: 1072954 Registered office: Mortimer House, 37-

41 Mortimer Street, London W1T 3JH, UK



Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713618290

2-Hydroxyphenylphosphinic Acid: P-Analogue of Salicylic Acid?

Klaus Diemerta; Wilhelm Kuchena; Peter Stanieka; Hartmut Wunderlicha

^a Institut für Anorganische Chemie und Strukturchemie der Universität Düsseldorf, Düsseldorf, FRG

To cite this Article Diemert, Klaus , Kuchen, Wilhelm , Staniek, Peter and Wunderlich, Hartmut(1987) '2-Hydroxyphenylphosphinic Acid: P-Analogue of Salicylic Acid?', Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements, 30: 3, 820

To link to this Article: DOI: 10.1080/03086648708079310 URL: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/03086648708079310

PLEASE SCROLL DOWN FOR ARTICLE

Full terms and conditions of use: http://www.informaworld.com/terms-and-conditions-of-access.pdf

This article may be used for research, teaching and private study purposes. Any substantial or systematic reproduction, re-distribution, re-selling, loan or sub-licensing, systematic supply or distribution in any form to anyone is expressly forbidden.

The publisher does not give any warranty express or implied or make any representation that the contents will be complete or accurate or up to date. The accuracy of any instructions, formulae and drug doses should be independently verified with primary sources. The publisher shall not be liable for any loss, actions, claims, proceedings, demand or costs or damages whatsoever or howsoever caused arising directly or indirectly in connection with or arising out of the use of this material.

2- Hydroxyphenylphosphinic Acid: P-Analogue of Salicylic Acid?

Klaus Diemert*, Wilhelm Kuchen, Peter Staniek and Hartmut Wunderlich Institut für Anorganische Chemie und Strukturchemie der Universität Düsseldorf, 4000 Düsseldorf 1, Universitätsstr. 1, FRG

Substitution of the carboxyl group -C(O)OH by $-P(O)(OH)_2$ and -P(O)R(OH) leads to compounds of interest to agriculture, technics and pharmacology. Under these aspects the P-analogon \bot of salicylic acid was prepared, because the monobasic -P(O)H(OH) group resembles more the carboxyl function than the dibasic moiety $-P(O)(OH)_2$.

Synthesis, properties and crystal structure (Pna2₁, Z= 8, a= 2113.7 (3), b= 1472.7 (3), c= 457.8 (1) pm) of 2-hydroxyphenylphosphinic acid \bot are reported.

The similarities between $\underline{1}$ and salicylic acid are discussed on the basis of different physical data, e.g. the pK_S-values and the pH dependence of the stability constants of Fe³⁺-complexes. In solid state, however, the phosphinic acid $\underline{1}$ shows only intermolecular hydrogen bonding in contrast to the well known intramolecular H-bonds in salicylic acid.